

No of Wars engaged in  
(from 1815 to 1914)

Britain	10
Russia	7
France	5
Austria	3
Germany	3

NOTE: Indicates Germany and Austria were less likely to engage in armed conflict than their opponents in WWI

	Number of civilian deaths by year attributed to Churchill's total blockade	Military Deaths .....		
		Nation	WWI	WWII
1915	88,000	Germany +Austria	3.1 mill	5.5 mill
1916	121,000	Russia	1.8 mill	10.7 mil
1917	260,000	France	1.4 mill	0.2 mill
1918	294,000	UK+ Colonies	0.9 mill	0.5 mill
		Italy	0.5 mill	0.3 mill
		USA	0.1 mill	0.4 mill

NOTE: Thirty cities in Germany had food riots in 1916 due to Churchill's total blockade



Quotes from Churchill

“I do not care so much for the principles I advocate as for the impression which my words produce and the reputation they give me” ..... in 1898

“We are enforcing the blockade with rigor, and Germany is near starvation” ..... Mar 1919 (four months. after Germany stopped fighting and had signed an armistice.)

“Historians are apt to judge war ministers less by the victories achieved under their direction than by the political results which flowed from them. Judged by that standard, I am not sure I shall be held to have done very well.” ..... in the post WWII period after the Empire is lost

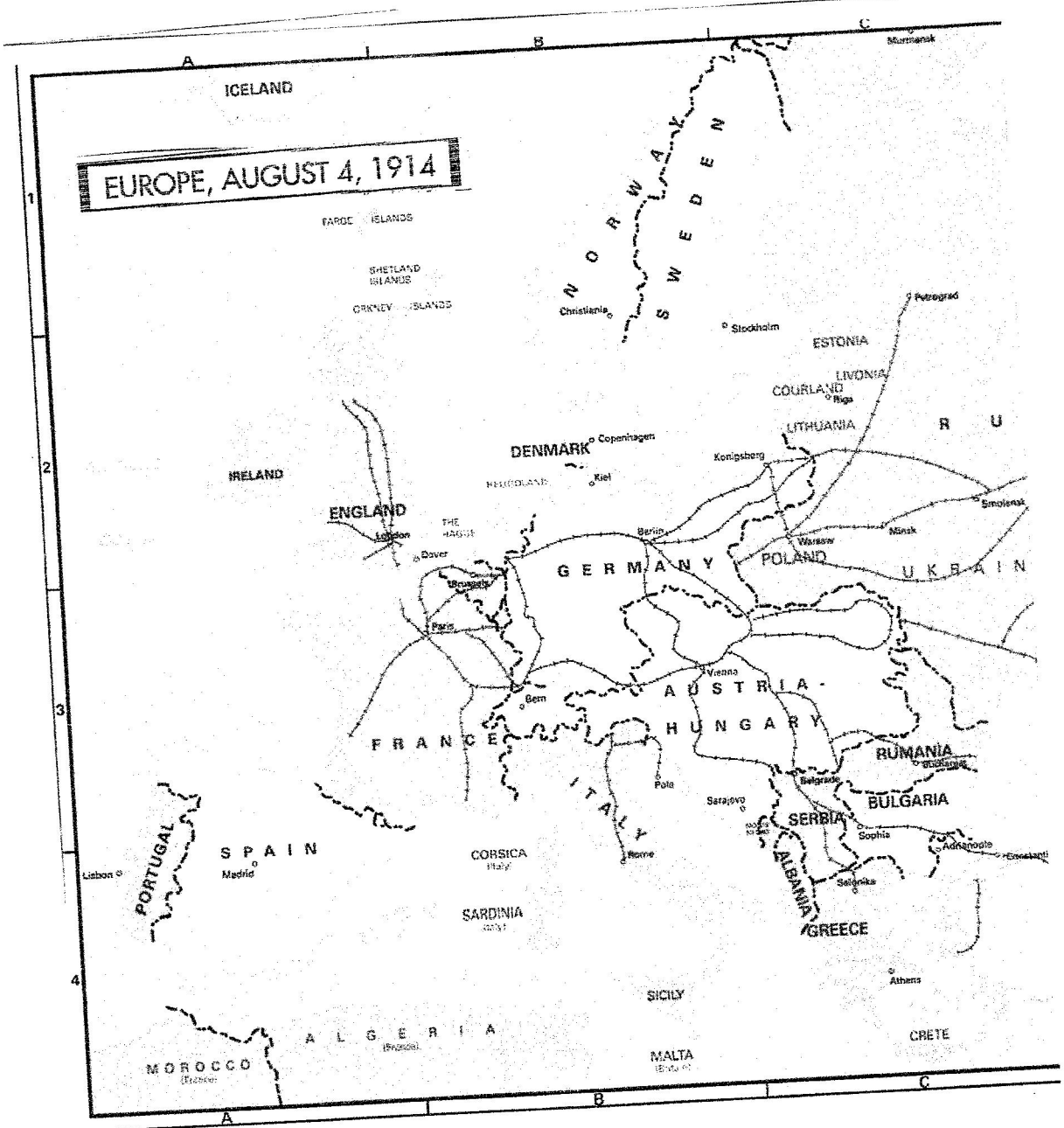
Quotes about Churchill

“Winston has no principles” - John Morley, a Cabinet Colleague 1908

“Poor Winston .... A brilliant fellow without judgement which is adequate to his fiery impulse. His steering gear is too weak for his horse-power” ... Lloyd George, Prime Minister of Britain

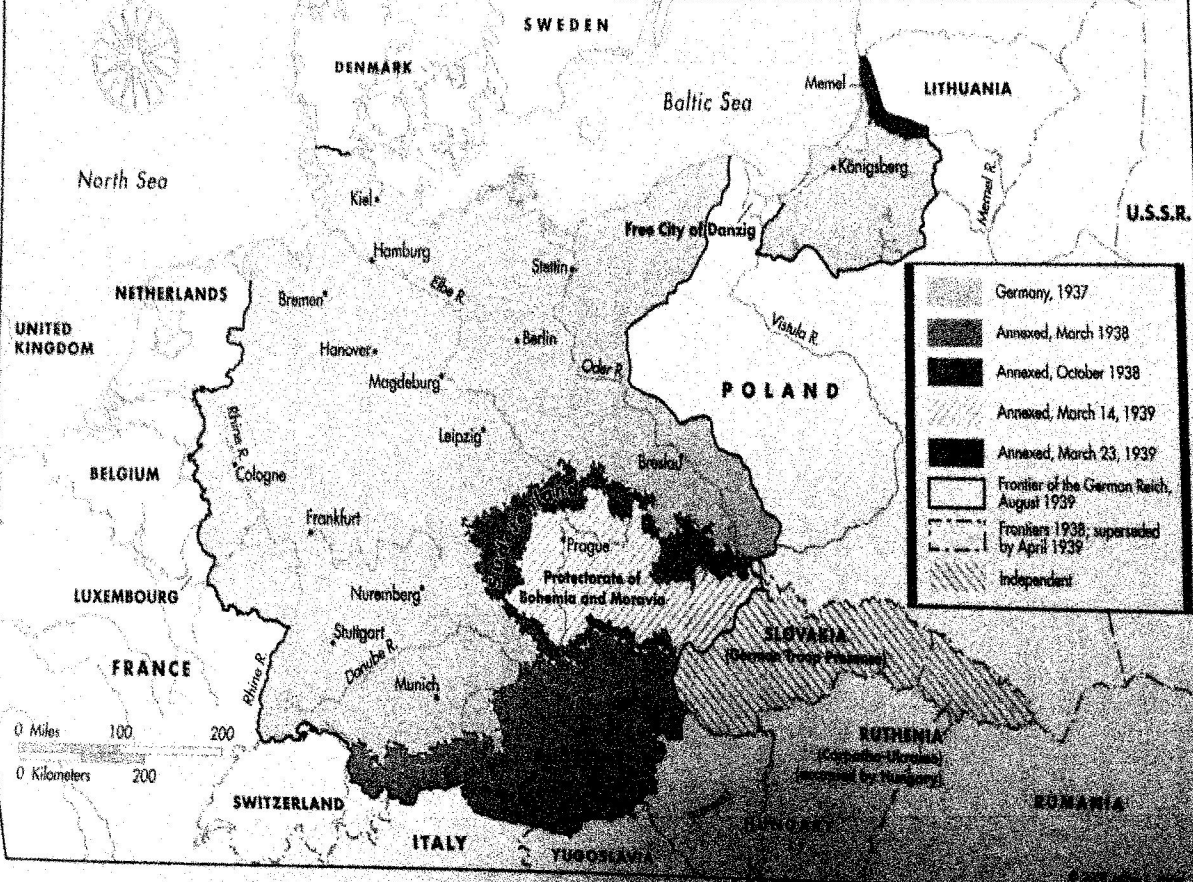
A parliamentary colleague spoke of Churchill. ....He “walks in, makes his speech, walks out and leaves the place as if God almighty had spoken .... He never listens to any man's speech but his own” .... From a floor speech by a fellow Member of Parliament which received loud cheers from both sides of the chamber

# EUROPE, AUGUST 4, 1914



# THE THIRD REICH, MARCH 30, 1939

Although Poland had taken Teschan in the dismemberment of Czechoslovakia, the partitions left Warsaw facing the Wehrmacht to the south, as well as north and west, as Hitler began to press for the return of Danzig.



## President Wilson's 14 Points

(Note: Germany entered into an armistice on 11/11/18 on the assumption that these 14 points would guide the final status negotiation. However, the other Allies (France, Britain, etc.) reject these points while continuing to deprive Germany of needed imports of food and medicine via a blockade. The effects of this blockade was decisive; Germany was forced to sign a final agreement in June 1919 which they had no hand in creating. )

In his speech to Congress, President Wilson declared fourteen points which he regarded as the only possible basis of an enduring peace. They were according to him:

- I. Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, after which there shall be no private international understandings of any kind but diplomacy shall proceed always frankly and in the public view.
- II. Absolute freedom of navigation upon the seas, outside territorial waters, alike in peace and in war, except as the seas may be closed in whole or in part by international action for the enforcement of international covenants.
- III. The removal, so far as possible, of all economic barriers and the establishment of an equality of trade conditions among all the nations consenting to the peace and associating themselves for its maintenance.
- IV. Adequate guarantees given and taken that national armaments will be reduced to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety.
- V. A free, open-minded, and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims, based upon a strict observance of the principle that in determining all such questions of sovereignty the interests of the populations concerned must have equal weight with the equitable government whose title is to be determined.
- VI. The evacuation of all Russian territory and such a settlement of all questions affecting Russia as will secure the best and freest cooperation of the other nations of the world in obtaining for her an unhampered and unembarrassed opportunity for the independent determination of her own political development and national policy and assure her of a sincere welcome into the society of free nations under institutions of her own choosing; and, more than a welcome, assistance also of every kind that she may need and may herself desire. The treatment accorded Russia by her sister nations in the months to come will be the acid test of their good will, of their comprehension of her needs as distinguished from their own interests, and of their intelligent and unselfish sympathy.
- VII. Belgium, the whole world will agree, must be evacuated and restored, without any attempt to limit the sovereignty which she enjoys in common with all other free nations. No other single act will serve as this will serve to restore confidence among the nations in the laws which they have themselves set and determined for the government of their relations with one another. Without this healing act the whole structure and validity of international law is forever impaired.
- VIII. All French territory should be freed and the invaded portions restored, and the wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace-Lorraine, which has unsettled the peace of the world for nearly fifty years, should be righted, in order that peace may once more be made secure in the interest of all.
- IX. A readjustment of the frontiers of Italy should be effected along clearly recognizable lines of nationality.
- X. The people of Austria-Hungary, whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured,

should be accorded the freest opportunity to autonomous development.

XI. Romania, Serbia, and Montenegro should be evacuated; occupied territories restored; Serbia accorded free and secure access to the sea; and the relations of the several Balkan states to one another determined by friendly counsel along historically established lines of allegiance and nationality; and international guarantees of the political and economic independence and territorial integrity of the several Balkan states should be entered into.

XII. The Turkish portion of the present Ottoman Empire should be assured a secure sovereignty, but the other nationalities which are now under Turkish rule should be assured an undoubted security of life and an absolutely unmolested opportunity of autonomous development, and the Dardanelles should be permanently opened as a free passage to the ships and commerce of all nations under international guarantees.

XIII. An independent Polish state should be erected which should include the territories inhabited by indisputably Polish populations, which should be assured a free and secure access to the sea, and whose political and economic independence and territorial integrity should be guaranteed by international covenant.

#### League of Nations

XIV. A general association of nations must be formed under specific covenants for the purpose of affording mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to great and small states alike.